Package 'VennDiagram'

April 16, 2013

Version 1.6.0
Type Package
Title Generate high-resolution Venn and Euler plots
Date 2013-04-12
Author Hanbo Chen
Maintainer Paul Boutros <paul.boutros@oicr.on.ca></paul.boutros@oicr.on.ca>
Depends R (>= 2.14.1), grid (>= 2.14.1)
Description A set of functions to generate high-resolution Venn and Euler plots. Includes handling for several special cases, including two- case scaling, and extensive customization of plot shape and structure.
License GPL-2
LazyLoad yes
NeedsCompilation no
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2013-04-16 07:43:20

R topics documented:

VennDiagram-package	2
draw.pairwise.venn	2
draw.quad.venn	6
draw.quintuple.venn	8
draw.single.venn	11
draw.triple.venn	13
venn.diagram	16
	- 27

Index

VennDiagram-package Venn diagram plotting

Description

Functions to plot high-resolution and highly-customizable Venn and Euler plots.

Details

Package:	VennDiagram
Type:	Package
Version:	1.6.0
Date:	2013-04-10
License:	GPL-2
LazyLoad:	yes

Author(s)

Author: Hanbo Chen <Hanbert.Chen@mail.utoronto.ca>\Maintainer: Dr. Paul C. Boutros <Paul.Boutros@utoronto.ca>

draw.pairwise.venn Draw a Venn Diagram with Two Sets

Description

Creates a Venn diagram with two sets. Creates Euler diagrams when the dataset meets certain conditions.

Usage

draw.pairwise.venn(area1, area2, cross.area, category = rep("", 2), euler.d = TRUE, scaled = TRUE, ext.percent = rep(0.05, 3), lwd = rep(2, 2), lty = rep("solid", 2), col = rep("black", 2), fill = N label.col = rep("black", 3), cex = rep(1, 3), fontface = rep("plain", 3), fontfamily = rep("serif", cat.dist = rep(0.025, 2), cat.cex = rep(1, 2), cat.col = rep("black", 2), cat.fontface = rep("plain cat.just = rep(list(c(0.5, 0.5)), 2), cat.default.pos = "outer", cat.prompts = FALSE, ext.pos = rep ext.line.lty = "solid", ext.length = rep(0.95, 2), ext.line.lwd = 1, rotation.degree = 0, rotation. sep.dist = 0.05, offset = 0, ...)

Arguments

areal	The size of the first set	
area2	The size of the second set	
cross.area	The size of the intersection between the sets	
category	A vector (length 2) of strings giving the category names of the sets	
euler.d	Boolean indicating whether to draw Euler diagrams when conditions are met or not (Venn Diagrams with moveable circles)	
scaled	Boolean indicating whether to scale circle sizes in the diagram according to set sizes or not (euler.d must be true to enable this)	
inverted	Boolean indicating whether the diagram should be mirrored long the vertical axis or not	
ext.text	Boolean indicating whether to place area labels outside the circles in case of small partial areas or not	
ext.percent	A vector (length 3) indicating the proportion that a partial area has to be smaller than to trigger external text placement. The elements allow for individual control of the areas in the order of area1, area2 and intersect area.	
lwd	A vector (length 2) of numbers giving the line width of the circles' circumferences	
lty	A vector (length 2) giving the line dash pattern of the circles' circumferences	
col	A vector (length 2) giving the colours of the circles' circumferences	
fill	A vector (length 2) giving the colours of the circles' areas	
alpha	A vector (length 2) giving the alpha transparency of the circles' areas	
label.col	A vector (length 3) giving the colours of the areas' labels	
cex	A vector (length 3) giving the size of the areas' labels	
fontface	A vector (length 3) giving the fontface of the areas' labels	
fontfamily	A vector (length 3) giving the fontfamily of the areas' labels	
cat.pos	A vector (length 2) giving the positions (in degrees) of the category names along the circles, with 0 (default) at the 12 o'clock location	
cat.dist	A vector (length 2) giving the distances (in npc units) of the category names from the edges of the circles (can be negative)	
cat.cex	A vector (length 2) giving the size of the category names	
cat.col	A vector (length 2) giving the colours of the category names	
cat.fontface	A vector (length 2) giving the fontface of the category names	
cat.fontfamily	A vector (length 2) giving the fontfamily of the category names	
cat.just	List of 2 vectors of length 2 indicating horizontal and vertical justification of each category name	
cat.default.pos		
	One of c('outer', 'text') to specify the default location of category names (cat.pos and cat.dist are handled differently)	

cat.prompts	Boolean indicating whether to display help text on category name positioning or not)
ext.pos	A vector (length 1 or 2) giving the positions (in degrees) of the external area labels along the circles, with 0 (default) at 12 o'clock
ext.dist	A vector (length 1 or 2) giving how far to place the external area labels relative to its anchor point
ext.line.lty	A vector (length 1 or 2) giving the dash pattern of the lines connecting the ex- ternal area labels to their anchor points
ext.length	A vector (length 1 or 2) giving the proportion of the lines connecting the external area labels to their anchor points actually drawn
ext.line.lwd	A vector (length 1 or 2) giving the width of the lines connecting the external area labels to their anchor points
rotation.degree	2
	Number of degrees to rotate the entire diagram
rotation.centre	2
	A vector (length 2) indicating (x,y) of the rotation centre
ind	Boolean indicating whether the function is to automatically draw the diagram before returning the gList object or not
sep.dist	Number giving the distance between circles in case of an Euler diagram showing mutually exclusive sets
offset	Number between 0 and 1 giving the amount of offset from the centre in case of an Euler diagram showing inclusive sets
	Additional arguments to be passed, including margin, which indicates amount

Details

Euler diagrams are drawn for mutually exclusive sets (cross.area == 0), inclusive sets (area1 == 0 or area2 == 0), and coincidental sets (area1 == 0 and area2 == 0) if euler.d == TRUE. The function defaults to placing the larger set on the left. inverted or rotation.degree can be used to reverse this.

Value

Returns an object of class gList containing the grid objects that make up the diagram. Also displays the diagram in a graphical device unless specified with ind = FALSE. Grid::grid.draw can be used to draw the gList object in a graphical device.

Author(s)

Hanbo Chen

draw.pairwise.venn

```
# A simple two-set diagram
venn.plot <- draw.pairwise.venn(100, 70, 30, c("First", "Second"));</pre>
grid.draw(venn.plot);
grid.newpage();
# Same diagram as above, but without scaling
venn.plot <- draw.pairwise.venn(100, 70, 30, c("First", "Second"), scaled = FALSE);</pre>
grid.draw(venn.plot);
grid.newpage();
# A more complicated diagram Demonstrating external area labels
venn.plot <- draw.pairwise.venn(</pre>
area1 = 100,
area2 = 70,
cross.area = 68,
category = c("First", "Second"),
fill = c("blue", "red"),
lty = "blank",
cex = 2,
cat.cex = 2,
cat.pos = c(285, 105),
cat.dist = 0.09,
cat.just = list(c(-1, -1), c(1, 1)),
ext.pos = 30,
ext.dist = -0.05,
ext.length = 0.85,
ext.line.lwd = 2,
ext.line.lty = "dashed"
);
grid.draw(venn.plot);
grid.newpage();
# Demonstrating an Euler diagram
venn.plot <- draw.pairwise.venn(</pre>
area1 = 100,
area2 = 70,
cross.area = 0,
category = c("First", "Second"),
cat.pos = c(0, 180),
euler.d = TRUE,
sep.dist = 0.03,
rotation.degree = 45
);
# Writing to file
tiff(filename = "Pairwise_Venn_diagram.tiff", compression = "lzw");
grid.draw(venn.plot);
dev.off();
```

draw.quad.venn

Description

Creates a Venn diagram with four sets.

Usage

```
draw.quad.venn(area1, area2, area3, area4, n12, n13, n14, n23, n24, n34, n123, n124, n134, n234, n1
lty = rep("solid", 4), col = rep("black", 4), fill = NULL, alpha = rep(0.5, 4), label.col = rep("bl
fontface = rep("plain", 15), fontfamily = rep("serif", 15), cat.pos = c(-15, 15, 0, 0), cat.dist =
cat.col = rep("black", 4), cat.cex = rep(1, 4), cat.fontface = rep("plain", 4), cat.fontfamily = re
cat.just = rep(list(c(0.5, 0.5)), 4), rotation.degree = 0, rotation.centre = c(0.5, 0.5), ind = TRU
```

Arguments

area1	The size of the first set
area2	The size of the second set
area3	The size of the third set
area4	The size of the fourth set
n12	The size of the intersection between the first and the second set
n13	The size of the intersection between the first and the third set
n14	The size of the intersection between the first and the fourth set
n23	The size of the intersection between the second and the third set
n24	The size of the intersection between the second and the fourth set
n34	The size of the intersection between the third and the fourth set
n123	The size of the intersection between the first, second and third sets
n124	The size of the intersection between the first, second and fourth sets
n134	The size of the intersection between the first, third and fourth sets
n234	The size of the intersection between the second, third and fourth sets
n1234	The size of the intersection between all four sets
category	A vector (length 4) of strings giving the category names of the sets
lwd	A vector (length 4) of numbers giving the line width of the circles' circumfer- ences
lty	A vector (length 4) giving the dash pattern of the circles' circumferences
col	A vector (length 4) giving the colours of the circles' circumferences
fill	A vector (length 4) giving the colours of the circles' areas
alpha	A vector (length 4) giving the alpha transparency of the circles' areas
label.col	A vector (length 15) giving the colours of the areas' labels

draw.quad.venn

cex	A vector (length 15) giving the size of the areas' labels	
fontface	A vector (length 15) giving the fontface of the areas' labels	
fontfamily	A vector (length 15) giving the fontfamily of the areas' labels	
cat.pos	A vector (length 4) giving the positions (in degrees) of the category names along the circles, with 0 (default) at 12 o'clock	
cat.dist	A vector (length 4) giving the distances (in npc units) of the category names from the edges of the circles (can be negative)	
cat.cex	A vector (length 4) giving the size of the category names	
cat.col	A vector (length 4) giving the colours of the category names	
cat.fontface	A vector (length 4) giving the fontface of the category names	
cat.fontfamily	A vector (length 4) giving the fontfamily of the category names	
cat.just	List of 4 vectors of length 2 indicating horizontal and vertical justification of each category name	
rotation.degree		
	Number of degrees to rotate the entire diagram	
rotation.centre		
	A vector (length 2) indicating (x,y) of the rotation centre	
ind	Boolean indicating whether the function is to automatically draw the diagram before returning the gList object or not	
	Additional arguments to be passed, including margin, which indicates amount of whitespace around the final diagram in npc units	

Details

The function defaults to placing the ellipses so that area1 corresponds to lower left, area2 corresponds to lower right, area3 corresponds to middle left and area4 corresponds to middle right. Refer to the example below to see how the 31 partial areas are ordered. Arguments with length of 15 (label.col, cex, fontface, fontfamily) will follow the order in the example.

Value

Returns an object of class gList containing the grid objects that make up the diagram. Also displays the diagram in a graphical device unless specified with ind = FALSE. Grid::grid.draw can be used to draw the gList object in a graphical device.

Author(s)

Hanbo Chen

```
# Reference four-set diagram
venn.plot <- draw.quad.venn(
area1 = 72,
area2 = 86,
area3 = 50,
```

```
area4 = 52,
n12 = 44,
n13 = 27,
n14 = 32,
n23 = 38,
n24 = 32,
n34 = 20,
n123 = 18,
n124 = 17,
n134 = 11,
n234 = 13,
n1234 = 6,
category = c("First", "Second", "Third", "Fourth"),
fill = c("orange", "red", "green", "blue"),
lty = "dashed",
cex = 2,
cat.cex = 2,
cat.col = c("orange", "red", "green", "blue")
);
# Writing to file
tiff(filename = "Quad_Venn_diagram.tiff", compression = "lzw");
grid.draw(venn.plot);
dev.off();
```

draw.quintuple.venn Draw a Venn Diagram with Five Sets

Description

Creates a Venn diagram with five sets.

Usage

```
draw.quintuple.venn(area1, area2, area3, area4, area5, n12, n13, n14, n15, n23, n24, n25, n34, n35, n245, n345, n1234, n1235, n1245, n1345, n2345, n12345, category = rep("", 5), lwd = rep(2, 5), lty fill = NULL, alpha = rep(0.5, 5), label.col = rep("black", 31), cex = rep(1, 31), fontface = rep("p cat.pos = c(0, 287.5, 215, 145, 70), cat.dist = rep(0.2, 5), cat.col = rep("black", 5), cat.cex = r cat.fontfamily = rep("serif", 5), cat.just = rep(list(c(0.5, 0.5)), 5), rotation.degree = 0, rotation.
```

Arguments

area1	The size of the first set
area2	The size of the second set
area3	The size of the third set
area4	The size of the fourth set
area5	The size of the fifth set
n12	The size of the intersection between the first and the second set

draw.quintuple.venn

n13	The size of the intersection between the first and the third set
n14	The size of the intersection between the first and the fourth set
n15	The size of the intersection between the first and the fifth set
n23	The size of the intersection between the second and the third set
n24	The size of the intersection between the second and the fourth set
n25	The size of the intersection between the second and the fifth set
n34	The size of the intersection between the third and the fourth set
n35	The size of the intersection between the third and the fifth set
n45	The size of the intersection between the fourth and the fifth set
n123	The size of the intersection between the first, second and third sets
n124	The size of the intersection between the first, second and fourth sets
n125	The size of the intersection between the first, second and fifth sets
n134	The size of the intersection between the first, third and fourth sets
n135	The size of the intersection between the first, third and fifth sets
n145	The size of the intersection between the first, fourth and fifth sets
n234	The size of the intersection between the second, third and fourth sets
n235	The size of the intersection between the second, third and fifth sets
n245	The size of the intersection between the second, fourth and fifth sets
n345	The size of the intersection between the third, fourth and fifth sets
n1234	The size of the intersection between the first, second, third and fourth sets
n1235	The size of the intersection between the first, second, third and fifth sets
n1245	The size of the intersection between the first, second, fourth and fifth sets
n1345	The size of the intersection between the first, third, fourth and fifth sets
n2345	The size of the intersection between the second, third, fourth and fifth sets
n12345	The size of the intersection between all five sets
category	A vector (length 5) of strings giving the category names of the sets
lwd	A vector (length 5) of numbers giving the line width of the circles' circumferences
lty	A vector (length 5) giving the dash pattern of the circles' circumferences
col	A vector (length 5) giving the colours of the circles' circumferences
fill	A vector (length 5) giving the colours of the circles' areas
alpha	A vector (length 5) giving the alpha transparency of the circles' areas
label.col	A vector (length 31) giving the colours of the areas' labels
cex	A vector (length 31) giving the size of the areas' labels
fontface	A vector (length 31) giving the fontface of the areas' labels
fontfamily	A vector (length 31) giving the fontfamily of the areas' labels
cat.pos	A vector (length 5) giving the positions (in degrees) of the category names along the circles, with 0 (default) at 12 o'clock

cat.dist	A vector (length 5) giving the distances (in npc units) of the category names from the edges of the circles (can be negative)	
cat.cex	A vector (length 5) giving the size of the category names	
cat.col	A vector (length 5) giving the colours of the category names	
cat.fontface	A vector (length 5) giving the fontface of the category names	
cat.fontfamily	A vector (length 5) giving the fontfamily of the category names	
cat.just	List of 5 vectors of length 2 indicating horizontal and vertical justification of each category name	
rotation.degree		
	Number of degrees to rotate the entire diagram	
rotation.centre		
	A vector (length 2) indicating (x,y) of the rotation centre	
ind	Boolean indicating whether the function is to automatically draw the diagram before returning the gList object or not	
	Additional arguments to be passed, including margin, which indicates amount of whitespace around the final diagram in npc units	

Details

The function defaults to placing the ellipses representing the areas 1 to 5 in a counterclockwise fashion. Refer to the example below to see how the 31 partial areas are ordered. Arguments with length of 31 (label.col, cex, fontface, fontfamily) will follow the order in the example.

Value

Returns an object of class gList containing the grid objects that make up the diagram. Also displays the diagram in a graphical device unless specified with ind = FALSE. Grid::grid.draw can be used to draw the gList object in a graphical device.

Author(s)

Hanbo Chen

```
# Reference five-set diagram
venn.plot <- draw.quintuple.venn(
area1 = 301,
area2 = 321,
area3 = 311,
area4 = 321,
area5 = 301,
n12 = 188,
n13 = 191,
n14 = 184,
n15 = 177,
n23 = 194,
n24 = 197,
```

```
n25 = 190,
n34 = 190,
n35 = 173,
n45 = 186,
n123 = 112,
n124 = 108,
n125 = 108,
n134 = 111,
n135 = 104,
n145 = 104,
n234 = 111,
n235 = 107,
n245 = 110,
n345 = 100,
n1234 = 61,
n1235 = 60,
n1245 = 59,
n1345 = 58,
n2345 = 57,
n12345 = 31,
category = c("A", "B", "C", "D", "E"),
fill = c("dodgerblue", "goldenrod1", "darkorange1", "seagreen3", "orchid3"),
cat.col = c("dodgerblue", "goldenrod1", "darkorange1", "seagreen3", "orchid3"),
cat.cex = 2,
margin = 0.05,
cex = c(1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.55, 1, 0.55, 1, 0.55, 1, 0.55, 1
ind = TRUE
);
# Writing to file
tiff(filename = "Quintuple_Venn_diagram.tiff", compression = "lzw");
grid.draw(venn.plot);
dev.off();
```

draw.single.venn Draw a Venn Diagram with a Single Set

Description

Creates a Venn diagram with a single set.

Usage

```
draw.single.venn(area, category = "", lwd = 2, lty = "solid", col = "black", fill = NULL, alpha = 0
fontface = "plain", fontfamily = "serif", cat.pos = 0, cat.dist = 0.025, cat.cex = 1, cat.col = "bl
cat.fontfamily = "serif", cat.just = list(c(0.5, 0.5)), cat.default.pos = "outer", cat.prompts = FA
rotation.centre = c(0.5, 0.5), ind = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

area	The size of the set	
category	The category name of the set	
lwd	width of the circle's circumference	
lty	dash pattern of the circle's circumference	
col	Colour of the circle's circumference	
fill	Colour of the circle's area	
alpha	Alpha transparency of the circle's area	
label.col	Colour of the area label	
cex	size of the area label	
fontface	fontface of the area label	
fontfamily	fontfamily of the area label	
cat.pos	The position (in degrees) of the category name along the circle, with 0 (default) at 12 o'clock	
cat.dist	The distance (in npc units) of the category name from the edge of the circle (can be negative)	
cat.cex	size of the category name	
cat.col	Colour of the category name	
cat.fontface	fontface of the category name	
cat.fontfamily	fontfamily of the category name	
cat.just	List of 1 vector of length 2 indicating horizontal and vertical justification of the category name	
cat.default.pos		
	One of c('outer', 'text') to specify the default location of category names (cat.pos and cat.dist are handled differently)	
cat.prompts	Boolean indicating whether to display help text on category name positioning or not)	
rotation.degree		
	Number of degrees to rotate the entire diagram	
rotation.centre	A vector (length 2) indicating (x,y) of the rotation centre	
ind	Boolean indicating whether the function is to automatically draw the diagram in	
1110	the end or not	
	Additional arguments to be passed, including margin, which indicates amount of whitespace around the final diagram in npc units	

Details

This function mostly complements other functions in the VennDiagram package that draws multiset diagrams by providing a function that draws single-set diagrams with similar graphical options.

draw.triple.venn

Value

Returns an object of class gList containing the grid objects that make up the diagram. Also displays the diagram in a graphical device unless specified with ind = FALSE. Grid::grid.draw can be used to draw the gList object in a graphical device.

Author(s)

Hanbo Chen

Examples

```
# A simple single-set diagram
venn.plot <- draw.single.venn(100, "First");</pre>
grid.draw(venn.plot);
grid.newpage();
# A more complicated diagram
venn.plot <- draw.single.venn(</pre>
area = 365,
category = "All\nDays",
1wd = 5,
lty = "blank",
cex = 3,
label.col = "orange",
cat.cex = 4,
cat.pos = 180,
cat.dist = -0.20,
cat.col = "white",
fill = "red",
alpha = 0.15
);
grid.draw(venn.plot);
grid.newpage();
# Writing to file
tiff(filename = "Single_Venn_diagram.tiff", compression = "lzw");
venn.plot <- draw.single.venn(100, "First", ind = FALSE);</pre>
grid.draw(venn.plot);
dev.off();
```

```
draw.triple.venn Draw a Venn Diagram with Three Sets
```

Description

Creates a Venn diagram with three sets. Creates Euler diagrams when the dataset meets certain conditions.

Usage

```
draw.triple.venn(area1, area2, area3, n12, n23, n13, n123, category = rep("", 3), rotation = 1, rev
lwd = rep(2, 3), lty = rep("solid", 3), col = rep("black", 3), fill = NULL, alpha = rep(0.5, 3), la
fontface = rep("plain", 7), fontfamily = rep("serif", 7), cat.pos = c(-40, 40, 180), cat.dist = c(0
cat.cex = rep(1, 3), cat.fontface = rep("plain", 3), cat.fontfamily = rep("serif", 3), cat.just = 1
cat.default.pos = "outer", cat.prompts = FALSE, rotation.degree = 0, rotation.centre = c(0.5, 0.5),
...)
```

Arguments

area1	The size of the first set
area2	The size of the second set
area3	The size of the third set
n12	The size of the intersection between the first and the second set
n23	The size of the intersection between the second and the third set
n13	The size of the intersection between the first and the third set
n123	The size of the intersection between all three sets
category	A vector (length 3) of strings giving the category names of the sets
rotation	1 (default), 2, or 3 indicating clockwise rotation of the three sets from the default arrangement
reverse	Boolean indicating whether the diagram should be mirrored long the vertical axis or not
euler.d	Boolean indicating whether to draw Euler diagrams when conditions are met or not (Venn Diagrams with moveable circles)
scaled	Boolean indicating whether to scale circle sizes in certain Euler diagrams ac- cording to set sizes or not (euler.d must be true to enable this)
lwd	A vector (length 3) of numbers giving the width of the circles' circumferences
lty	A vector (length 3) giving the dash pattern of the circles' circumferences
col	A vector (length 3) giving the colours of the circles' circumferences
fill	A vector (length 3) giving the colours of the circles' areas
alpha	A vector (length 3) giving the alpha transparency of the circles' areas
label.col	A vector (length 7) giving the colours of the areas' labels
cex	A vector (length 7) giving the size of the areas' labels
fontface	A vector (length 7) giving the fontface of the areas' labels
fontfamily	A vector (length 7) giving the fontfamily of the areas' labels
cat.pos	A vector (length 3) giving the positions (in degrees) of the category names along the circles, with 0 (default) at 12 o'clock
cat.dist	A vector (length 3) giving the distances (in npc units) of the category names from the edges of the circles (can be negative)
cat.cex	A vector (length 3) giving the size of the category names
cat.col	A vector (length 3) giving the colours of the category names

draw.triple.venn

cat.fontface	A vector (length 3) giving the fontface of the category names				
cat.fontfamily	A vector (length 3) giving the fontfamily of the category names				
cat.just	List of 3 vectors of length 2 indicating horizontal and vertical justification of each category name				
cat.default.pos	5				
	One of c('outer', 'text') to specify the default location of category names (cat.pos and cat.dist are handled differently)				
cat.prompts	Boolean indicating whether to display help text on category name positioning or not)				
rotation.degree					
	Number of degrees to rotate the entire diagram				
rotation.centre	2				
	A vector (length 2) indicating (x,y) of the rotation centre				
ind	Boolean indicating whether the function is to automatically draw the diagram before returning the gList object or not				
sep.dist	Number between 0 and 1 giving the distance between circles in certain Euler diagrams with mutually exclusive sets				
offset	Number giving the amount of offset from the centre in certain Euler diagrams with inclusive sets				
	Additional arguments to be passed, including margin, which indicates amount of whitespace around the final diagram in npc units				

Details

Euler diagrams are drawn for 19 special cases if euler.d == TRUE. Certain Euler diagrams make use of the scaled, sep.dist, or offset arguments specific to two-set Venn diagrams where appropriate. The function defaults to placing the three circles in a triangular arrangement with two sets on top and one set below. The circles correspond to area1, area2 and area3 in a clockwise fashion with area1 on the top left. N.B. General scaling for three-set Venn diagrams are disabled due to potentially misleading visual representation of the data. To re-enable, assign any value to variable overrideTriple.

Value

Returns an object of class gList containing the grid objects that make up the diagram. Also displays the diagram in a graphical device unless specified with ind = FALSE. Grid::grid.draw can be used to draw the gList object in a graphical device.

Author(s)

Hanbo Chen

```
# A simple three-set diagram
venn.plot <- draw.triple.venn(65, 75, 85, 35, 15, 25, 5, c("First", "Second", "Third"));
grid.draw(venn.plot);
```

```
grid.newpage();
# A more complicated diagram
venn.plot <- draw.triple.venn(</pre>
area1 = 65,
area2 = 75,
area3 = 85,
n12 = 35,
n23 = 15,
n13 = 25,
n123 = 5,
category = c("First", "Second", "Third"),
fill = c("blue", "red", "green"),
lty = "blank",
cex = 2,
cat.cex = 2,
cat.col = c("blue", "red", "green")
);
grid.draw(venn.plot);
grid.newpage();
# Demonstrating an Euler diagram
venn.plot <- draw.triple.venn(20, 40, 60, 0, 0, 0, 0, c("First", "Second", "Third"), sep.dist = 0.1, rotation.
# Writing to file
tiff(filename = "Triple_Venn_diagram.tiff", compression = "lzw");
grid.draw(venn.plot);
dev.off();
```

```
venn.diagram Make a Venn Diagram
```

Description

This function takes a list and creates a publication-quality TIFF Venn Diagram

Usage

```
venn.diagram(x, filename, height = 3000, width = 3000, resolution = 500, units = "px", compression =
main.pos = c(0.5, 1.05), main.fontface = "plain", main.fontfamily = "serif", main.col = "black", ma
sub.pos = c(0.5, 1.05), sub.fontface = "plain", sub.fontfamily = "serif", sub.col = "black", sub.ce
category.names = names(x), force.unique = TRUE, ...);
```

Arguments

Х	A list of vectors (e.g., integers, chars), with each component corresponding to a				
	separate circle in the Venn diagram				
filename	Filename for tiff output, or if NULL returns the grid object itself				
height	Integer giving the height of the output figure in units				

width	Integer giving the width of the output figure in units		
resolution	Resolution of the final figure in DPI		
units	Size-units to use for the final figure		
compression	What compression algorithm should be applied to the final tiff		
na	Missing value handling method: "none", "stop", "remove"		
main	Character giving the main title of the diagram		
sub	Character giving the subtitle of the diagram		
main.pos	Vector of length 2 indicating (x,y) of the main title		
main.fontface	Character giving the fontface (font style) of the main title		
main.fontfamily			
	Character giving the fontfamily (font type) of the main title		
main.col	Character giving the colour of the main title		
main.cex	Number giving the cex (font size) of the main title		
main.just	Vector of length 2 indicating horizontal and vertical justification of the main title		
sub.pos	Vector of length 2 indicating (x,y) of the subtitle		
sub.fontface	Character giving the fontface (font style) of the subtitle		
<pre>sub.fontfamily</pre>	Character giving the fontfamily (font type) of the subtitle		
sub.col	Character Colour of the subtitle		
sub.cex	Number giving the cex (font size) of the subtitle		
sub.just	Vector of length 2 indicating horizontal and vertical justification of the subtitle		
category.names	Allow specification of category names using plotmath syntax		
force.unique	Logical specifying whether to use only unique elements in each item of the input list or use all elements. Defaults to FALSE		
	A series of graphical parameters tweaking the plot. See below for details		

Details

Argument	Venn Sizes	Class	Description
lwd	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Vector giving the width of each circle's circumference
lty	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Vector giving the dash pattern of each circle's circumference
col	1,2,3,4,5	character	Vector giving the colour of each circle's circumference
fill	1,2,3,4,5	character	Vector giving the colour of each circle's area
alpha	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Vector giving the alpha transparency of each circle's area
label.col	1,2,3,4,5	character	Vector giving the colour for each area label (length = $1/3/7/15$ based on set-nu
cex	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Vector giving the size for each area label (length = $1/3/7/15$ based on set-num
fontface	1,2,3,4,5	character	Vector giving the fontface for each area label (length = $1/3/7/15$ based on set-
fontfamily	1,2,3,4,5	character	Vector giving the fontfamily for each area label (length = $1/3/7/15$ based on se
cat.pos	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Vector giving the position (in degrees) of each category name along the circle,
cat.dist	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Vector giving the distance (in npc units) of each category name from the edge
cat.cex	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Vector giving the size for each category name
cat.col	1,2,3,4,5	character	Vector giving the colour for each category name
cat.fontface	1,2,3,4,5	character	Vector giving the fontface for each category name

cat.fontfamily	1,2,3,4,5	character	Vector giving the fontfamily for each category name
cat.just	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	List (length = $1/2/3/4$ based on set number) of Vectors of length 2 indicating h
cat.default.pos	1,2,3	character	One of c('outer', 'text') to specify the default location of category names (cat.
margin	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Number giving the amount of whitespace around the diagram in grid units
rotation.degree	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Number of degrees to rotate the entire diagram
rotation.centre	1,2,3,4,5	numeric	Vector of length 2 indicating (x,y) of the rotation centre
rotation	3	numeric	Number giving the clockwise rotation of a three-set Venn diagram (1, 2, or 3)
reverse	3	logical	Reflect the three-set Venn diagram along its central vertical axis of symmetry.
euler.d	2, 3	logical	Enable Euler diagrams for two-set and three-set Venn diagrams (Venn Diagram
scaled	2, 3	logical	Enable scaling for two-set and certain three-set Euler diagrams. (euler.d must
sep.dist	2, 3	numeric	Controls the separation between distinct circles in certain two-set or three-set
offset	2, 3	numeric	Number between 0 and 1 giving the amount to offset the smaller circle by in t
inverted	2	logical	Flip the two-set Venn diagram along its vertical axis (distinguished from reve
ext.text	2	logical	Allow external text labels when areas are small
ext.percent	2	numeric	A vector (length 3) indicating the proportion that a partial area has to be small
ext.line.lwd	2	numeric	lwd of line connecting to ext.text
ext.dist	2	numeric	Vector of length 1 or 2 indicating length of external line (use negative values t
ext.length	2	numeric	Vector of length 1 or 2 indicating the proportion of the external line that is dra

Value

Plots a figure to the file given by the filename argument.

Author(s)

Hanbo Chen

See Also

draw.single.venn, draw.pairwise.venn, draw.triple.venn, draw.quad.venn, draw.quintuple.venn

```
# compact and minimal notation
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(list(A = 1:150, B = 121:170), "Venn_2set_simple.tiff");
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(list(A = 1:150, B = 121:170, C = 101:200), "Venn_3set_simple.tiff");
# a more elaborate two-set Venn diagram with title and subtitle
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(
x = list(
"A" = 1:100,
"B" = 96:140
),
filename = "Venn_2set_complex.tiff",
scaled = TRUE,
ext.text = TRUE,
ext.line.lwd = 2,
```

```
ext.dist = -0.15,
ext.length = 0.9,
ext.pos = -4,
inverted = TRUE,
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
rotation.degree = 45,
main = "Complex Venn Diagram",
sub = "Featuring: rotation and external lines",
main.cex = 2,
sub.cex = 1
);
# sample three-set Euler diagram
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
"Num A" = paste("Num", 1:100),
"Num B" = c(paste("Num", 61:70), paste("Num", 71:100)),
"Num C" = c(paste("Num", 41:60), paste("Num", 61:70))),
euler.d = TRUE,
filename = "Euler_3set_simple.tiff",
cat.pos = c(-20, 0, 20),
cat.dist = c(0.05, 0.05, 0.02),
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
reverse = TRUE
);
# sample three-set Euler diagram
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = c(1:10),
B = c(11:90),
C = c(81:90)
),
euler.d = TRUE,
filename = "Euler_3set_scaled.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.pos = 0
);
# sample four-set Venn Diagram
A <- sample(1:1000, 400, replace = FALSE);</pre>
B <- sample(1:1000, 600, replace = FALSE);</pre>
C <- sample(1:1000, 350, replace = FALSE);</pre>
D <- sample(1:1000, 550, replace = FALSE);</pre>
E <- sample(1:1000, 375, replace = FALSE);</pre>
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = A,
D = D,
```

```
B = B,
C = C
),
filename = "Venn_4set_pretty.tiff",
col = "transparent",
fill = c("cornflowerblue", "green", "yellow", "darkorchid1"),
alpha = 0.50,
label.col = c("orange", "white", "darkorchid4", "white", "white", "white", "white", "white", "darkblue", "whit
cex = 1.5,
fontfamily = "serif",
fontface = "bold",
cat.col = c("darkblue", "darkgreen", "orange", "darkorchid4"),
cat.cex = 1.5,
cat.pos = 0,
cat.dist = 0.07,
cat.fontfamily = "serif",
rotation.degree = 270,
margin = 0.2
);
# sample five-set Venn Diagram
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = A,
B = B,
C = C,
D = D,
E = E
),
filename = "Venn_5set_pretty.tiff",
col = "black",
fill = c("dodgerblue", "goldenrod1", "darkorange1", "seagreen3", "orchid3"),
alpha = 0.50,
cex = c(1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.8, 1, 0.55, 1, 0.55, 1, 0.55, 1, 0.55, 1
cat.col = c("dodgerblue", "goldenrod1", "darkorange1", "seagreen3", "orchid3"),
cat.cex = 1.5,
cat.fontface = "bold",
margin = 0.05
);
# Complex three-way Venn with labels & sub-/super-scripts
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
I = c(1:60, 61:105, 106:140, 141:160, 166:175, 176:180, 181:205, 206:220),
II = c(531:605, 476:530, 336:375, 376:405, 181:205, 206:220, 166:175, 176:180),
III = c(61:105, 106:140, 181:205, 206:220, 221:285, 286:335, 336:375, 376:405)
),
category.names = c(
expression( bold('A'['1: subscript']) ),
expression( bold('B'^'2: going up') ),
expression( paste(bold('C'^'3'), bold('X'['i' <= 'r'^'2']^'2') ) )</pre>
),
filename = 'Fig3-1_triple_labels_sub_and_superscripts.tiff',
```

```
output = TRUE,
height = 3000,
width = 3000,
resolution = 300,
compression = 'lzw',
units = 'px',
1wd = 6,
lty = 'blank',
fill = c('yellow', 'purple', 'green'),
cex = 3.5,
fontface = "bold",
fontfamily = "sans",
cat.cex = 3,
cat.fontface = "bold",
cat.default.pos = "outer",
cat.pos = c(-27, 27, 135),
cat.dist = c(0.055, 0.055, 0.085),
cat.fontfamily = "sans",
rotation = 1
);
# Complex 3-way Venn using expressions
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
  x = list(
"Num A" = paste("Num", 1:100),
"Num B" = c(paste("Num", 61:70), paste("Num", 71:100)),
"Num C" = c(paste("Num", 41:60), paste("Num", 61:70))),
category.names = c(
expression( bold('A'['1']) ),
expression( bold('A'['2']) ),
expression( bold('A'['3']) )
),
euler.d = TRUE,
filename = "Fig3-2_Euler_3set_simple_with_subscripts.tiff",
cat.pos = c(-20, 0, 20),
cat.dist = c(0.05, 0.05, 0.02),
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
reverse = TRUE
);
## Not run:
# Example to print to screen
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
sample1 = c(1:40),
sample2 = c(30:60)
),
filename = NULL
);
```

End(Not run)

```
#dontrun-starts-here
### NB: All figures from the paper can be run, but are turned off from
###
        automatic execution to reduce burden on CRAN computing resources.
# Figure 1A
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
Label = 1:100
),
filename = "1A-single_Venn.tiff",
col = "black",
1wd = 9,
fontface = "bold",
fill = "grey",
alpha = 0.75,
cex = 4,
cat.cex = 3,
cat.fontface = "bold",
);
# Figure 1B
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
X = 1:150,
Y = 121:180
),
filename = "1B-double_Venn.tiff",
1wd = 4,
fill = c("cornflowerblue", "darkorchid1"),
alpha = 0.75,
label.col = "white",
cex = 4,
fontfamily = "serif",
fontface = "bold",
cat.col = c("cornflowerblue", "darkorchid1"),
cat.cex = 3,
cat.fontfamily = "serif",
cat.fontface = "bold",
cat.dist = c(0.03, 0.03),
cat.pos = c(-20, 14)
);
# Figure 1C
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
R = c(1:70, 71:110, 111:120, 121:140),
B = c(141:200, 71:110, 111:120, 201:230),
G = c(231:280, 111:120, 121:140, 201:230)
),
filename = "1C-triple_Venn.tiff",
col = "transparent",
```

fill = c("red", "blue", "green"),

```
alpha = 0.5,
label.col = c("darkred", "white", "darkblue", "white", "white", "white", "darkgreen"),
cex = 2.5,
fontfamily = "serif",
fontface = "bold",
cat.default.pos = "text",
cat.col = c("darkred", "darkblue", "darkgreen"),
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.fontfamily = "serif",
cat.dist = c(0.06, 0.06, 0.03),
cat.pos = 0
);
# Figure 1D
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
I = c(1:60, 61:105, 106:140, 141:160, 166:175, 176:180, 181:205, 206:220),
IV = c(531:605, 476:530, 336:375, 376:405, 181:205, 206:220, 166:175, 176:180),
II = c(61:105, 106:140, 181:205, 206:220, 221:285, 286:335, 336:375, 376:405),
III = c(406:475, 286:335, 106:140, 141:160, 166:175, 181:205, 336:375, 476:530)
),
filename = "1D-quadruple_Venn.tiff",
col = "black",
lty = "dotted",
1wd = 4,
fill = c("cornflowerblue", "green", "yellow", "darkorchid1"),
alpha = 0.50,
label.col = c("orange", "white", "darkorchid4", "white", "white", "white", "white", "white", "darkblue", "whit
cex = 2.5,
fontfamily = "serif",
fontface = "bold",
cat.col = c("darkblue", "darkgreen", "orange", "darkorchid4"),
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.fontfamily = "serif"
);
# Figure 2-1
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = 1:105,
B = 101:115
),
filename = "2-1_special_case_ext-text.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.pos = c(-20, 20),
ext.line.lty = "dotted",
ext.line.lwd = 2,
ext.pos = 12,
ext.dist = -0.12,
ext.length = 0.85
);
```

```
# Figure 2-2
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = 1:100,
B = 1:10
),
filename = "2-2_special_case_pairwise-inclusion.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.pos = 0
);
# Figure 2-3
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = 1:150,
B = 151:250
),
filename = "2-3_special_case_pairwise-exclusion.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.pos = c(0, 0),
cat.dist = 0.05
);
# Figure 2-4
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = c(1:50, 101:140, 141:160, 161:170),
B = c(171:230, 101:140, 161:170, 291:320),
C = c(141:160, 161:170, 291:320)
),
filename = "2-4_triple_special_case-001.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.dist = c(0.05, 0.05, -0.1)
);
# Figure 2-5
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = c(1:100),
B = c(61:70, 71:100),
C = c(41:60, 61:70)
),
filename = "2-5_triple_special_case-012AA.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.pos = c(-25, 0, 30),
cat.dist = c(0.05, 0.05, 0.02)
);
# Figure 2-6
```

```
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = c(1:90),
B = c(1:25),
C = c(1:5)
),
filename = "2-6_triple_special_case-022AAAO.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.pos = 0,
cat.dist = c(0.03, 0.03, 0.01)
);
# Figure 2-7
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = c(1:20),
B = c(21:80),
C = c(81:210)
),
filename = "2-7_triple_special_case-100.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.dist = 0.05
);
# Figure 2-8
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = c(1:80),
B = c(41:150),
C = c(71:100)
),
filename = "2-8_triple_special_case-011A.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.dist = c(0.07, 0.07, 0.02),
cat.pos = c(-20, 20, 20)
);
# Figure 2-9
venn.plot <- venn.diagram(</pre>
x = list(
A = c(1:10),
B = c(11:90),
C = c(81:90)
),
filename = "2-9_triple_special_case-121A0.tiff",
cex = 2.5,
cat.cex = 2.5,
cat.pos = 0,
cat.dist = c(0.04, 0.04, 0.02),
reverse = TRUE
```

);

#dontrun-ends-here

Index

*Topic hplot draw.pairwise.venn, 2 draw.quad.venn, 6 draw.quintuple.venn, 8 draw.single.venn, 11 draw.triple.venn, 13 venn.diagram, 16 *Topic package VennDiagram-package, 2

draw.pairwise.venn, 2, draw.quad.venn, 6, draw.quintuple.venn, 8, draw.single.venn, 11, draw.triple.venn, 13,

venn.diagram, 16 VennDiagram (VennDiagram-package), 2 VennDiagram-package, 2